India-Bangladesh Coastal Shipping Agreement : New possibilities of Pangaon-Haldia Transshipment

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Objectives of Pangaon ICT

- Reduce heavy vehicle pressure from Dhaka-Chittagong Highway;
- Extending Container Shipping and Logistics Services in Dhaka;
- Reduce Cost of doing Business for the trade and commerce;
- To facilitate door to door delivery of Container in Dhaka region;
- Promote environment friendly transport mode for environment and sustainability.



Background information

□1991: Feasibility study done by JICA;

□1992-93: Land acquisition completed;

□2005: CPA & BIWTA signed 1st MOU;

□2005: Construction Started;

□2010: CPA & BIWTA signed 2nd MOU;

□2013: CPA & BIWTA signed 3rd MOU;

□ 2013: Construction completed;

☐ 2013: Formally inaugurated by the Honorable Prime Minister Sheikh Hasina in 07th November, 2013.





Short description of Infrastructural Facilities in PICT

- Length of Jetty: 180 meters (width 26 meters)
- Two River Sea Vessels can be accommodated at any given moment;
- Yard Area: 55,000 Sq. Meters
- Stuffing & Un-stuffing Area: 13,969 Sq. Meters;
- CFS: 5815 Sq. Meters;
- Connecting road with Dhaka-Mawa highway: 5 Kilometers
- Reefer plug in: 48 Nos.
- Yearly Handling Capacity 116,000 TEU
- Static Capacity:
 - 2400 TEU Laden
 - 1100 TEU Empty



Equipment capabilities; Strength & Limitations

- Mobile Harbor Crane 1
- Straddle Carrier 2
- Tractor trailer 2
- Forklift 12 (4 FLT with clamp)
- Cargo Lifting Crane 3 (50MT, 20MT & 10 MT capacity)
- 24 hours uninterrupted electricity and water supplied for the container handling activities.
- Two generators capacity of each 1250 (KVA/1 MW) has been installed.
- Full yard and CFS covered with fire fighting arrangements; such as fire hydrant, pipelines and standby pumps.
- CCTV surveillance and Electronic Access Control systems are in process of implementation.



Customs & Banking facilities at PICT

Customs

- PICT is fully customs bonded.
- A full fledged customs house has been established by the National Board of Revenue in PICT.
- Appraisement, Assessment, duty payment and releasing of cargo everything is done through ASYCUDA World system.
- At least one Scanner is required to reduce 100% examine or reexamine.

Bank

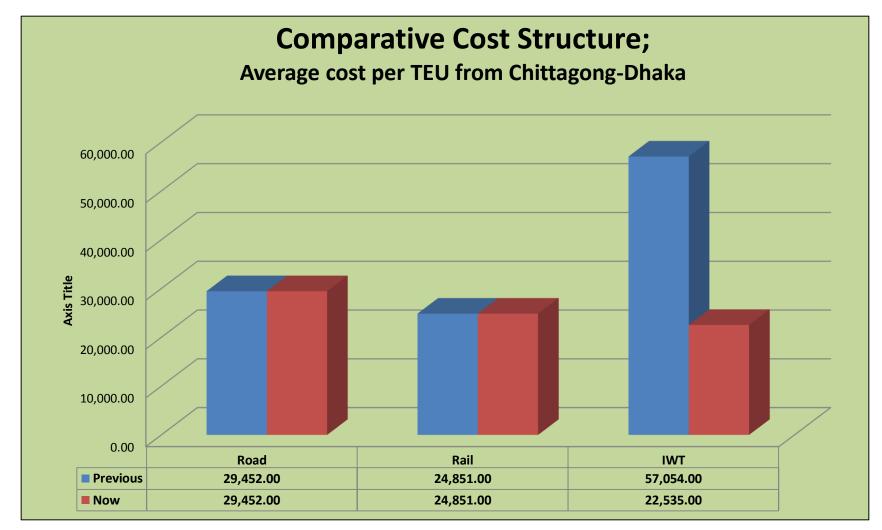
- Sonali Bank limited established a branch office in PICT.
- Financial transaction has been started in full swing in that branch.
- Customs duty and port charges can be paid in that branch as well as normal banking for individuals and private sectors.
- One Bank will start their own booth in Pangaon ICT.



Container Transportation

- CPA procured 3 (three) Ships, now chartered by Summit Alliance Port Limited as bareboat;
 - M.V. Pangaon Vision
 - M.V. Pangaon Success
 - M.V. Pangaon Express
- Four more RSV4 categories ships are plying between CGP-PICT
 - M.V. Harbour-1 (Neepa Paribahan Ltd)
 - M.V. KSL Pride (Karim Shipping Lines)
 - M.V. KSL Gladiator (Karim Shipping Lines)
 - M.V. Invicta (Invicta Ltd.)
- One more RSV4 categories ships are fully ready;
 - M.V. Shamayel (Aryan Traders)
- M.V. Nou Kalyan-1 already started direct service from Kolkata to Pangaon ICT under Coastal Shipping Agreement.
- More than 35 ships are in pipeline for carrying ICT bound containers.













Ships freight rates for CGP-Pangaon-CGP up to 30, June 2018

CGP- Pangaon ICT

- USD 100/20' (up to 10 MT)
- USD 120/20' (up to 15 MT)
- USD 150/20' (up to 20 MT)
- USD 180/20' (up to 25 MT)
- USD 220/20' (up to 30 MT)
- USD 240/20' (Over 30 MT)
- USD 230/40' (up to 30 MT)
- USD 250/40' (Over 30 MT)
- USD 280/40H(up to 30 MT)
- USD 300/40H (Over 30 MT)
- USD 290/45'H (up to 30MT)
- USD 200/20'RF,USD 300/40'RF,USD 330/40'HRF
- USD 50/20'Empty, USD100/40', USD110/ 40'H Empty & USD120/45'H Empty

Pangaon ICT- CGP

- USD 100/20' (up to 10MT)
- USD 120/20' (up to 15 MT)
- USD 150/20' (up to 20 MT)
- USD 180/20' (up to 25 MT)
- USD 220/20' (up to 30 MT)
- USD 240/20' (Over 30 MT)
- USD 200/40' (up to 30 MT)
- USD220/40' (Over 30 MT)
- USD 200/ 40H(up to 30 MT)
- USD 220/40H (Over 30 MT)
- USD 280/45'H (up to 30 MT)
- USD 200/20'RF & USD 280/40'RF, USD310/40HRF
- USD 50/20'Empty, USD100/40', USD110/ 40'H Empty & USD120/45'H Empty



Inland haulage charge of MLOs to Pangaon ICT (for Import or inbound)

Chittagong - Pangaon ICT		
20' (up to 15 MT)	US\$165	
20' (up to 20 MT)	US\$195	
20' (up to 25 MT)	US\$225	
20' (up to 30 MT)	US\$265	
40'GP	US\$320	
40'H	US\$340	



Inland haulage charge of MLOs from Pangaon ICT (for export or outbound)

Pangaon ICT-Chittagong		
20' (up to 15 MT)	US\$99	
20' (up to 20 MT)	US\$117	
20' (up to 25 MT)	US\$135	
20' (up to 30 MT)	US\$159	
40'GP	US\$192	
40'H	US\$204	



India-Bangladesh Trade

Import from India

(USD 6.8 billion in 2016-17)

Major Import Items are;

- Cotton, Yarn & Fabrics (30%)
- **Vehicle (11.5%)**
- **Nuclear reactors, Boilers, Machinery** and mechanical appliances (7.8%)
- Iron and steel (4.9%)
- Animal Food (4.2%)
- Coffee, Tea, Sugar, spices (2.9%)
- Stone, Glass and Glassware
- Aluminum, plastic and copper articles
- Medical, surgical or veterinary furniture
- **Utensils of base metal**
- **Organic Chemicals**

Export to India

(USD 700 million in 2016-17)

Major Export Items are;

- **Textile fiber**
- Paper Yarn
- Fish
- **Apparels**
- Minerals fuels
- Salt
- Cement
- Bran or husk



Competitive advantage of using PICT

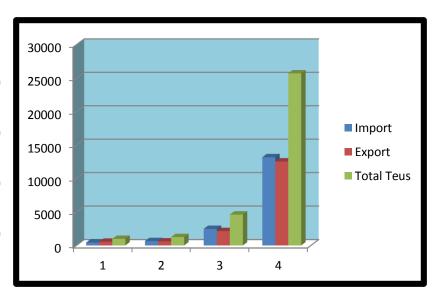
- Proximity; Delivery as well as Shipment.
- Predictability: Transit time can be more accurately predicted.
- Safety and Security: PICT is absolutely safer place for cargo and container.
- **Green Transport;** Waterways environmentally friendly considering sustainability.
- Shorter Road Transit: Safer from accidental risk, pilferage risk and unusual/unpredictable delay risk etc.
- Cost effective: Gradually it will be cost effective and more stable onward trucking cost.





Handling Statistics of PICT in last 4 years

Year	Import	Export	Total Teus
2014	433	551	984
2015	652	597	1,249
2016	2,466	2,142	4,608
2017	13,182	12,537	25,719





Economies of scale



= 85 Trailer





= 2.5 Trains of BR or 85 Wagon



= 200 Covered van



ity association

= 300 open trucks





Energy Efficient

Transporting freight by water is also the most energy-efficient choice.

Barges can move one ton of cargo 616 miles per gallon of fuel. A rail car would move the same ton of cargo 478 miles, and a truck only 150 miles.



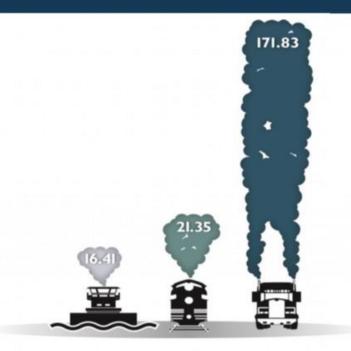
Ton-miles Traveled per Gallon of Fuel



Air Pollution

Barges have the smallest carbon footprint among other transportation modes.

To move an identical amount of cargo by rail generates 30% more carbon dioxide than by barge, and 1,000% more emissions by trucks than by barge.



Tons of CO₂ per Million Ton-miles



Personal Injury

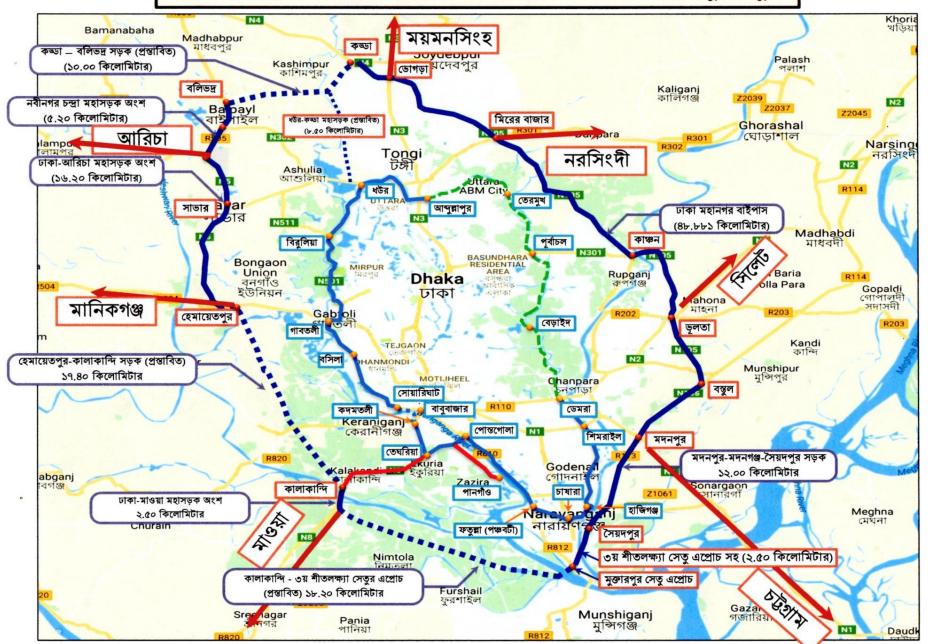
Inland waterways transport has a low injury record compared to rail or truck.

Ratio of Injuries in Freight Transportation





ঢাকা ইনার (৮৮.৮০ কিলোমিটার) ও মিডল (১৩২.৮৮ কিলোমিটার) সার্কুলার রুট



Way ahead

- At least 3 RTGs and 1 more SC should be procured as soon as possible;
- A new export CFS should be built in 5 acres land in the north side of the existing yard;
- Developing as 4 lane along with a service lane in both side of Pangaon-Hasnabad connecting road;
- In CCT & NCT both should have service jetty for Ctg-Pangaon-Ctg route vessels;
- Bangladesh-India direct service should be promoted by the Main Line
 Operators especially with Kolkata/Haldia to Pangaon and vice versa.
- A permanent quarantine center is required for food, fruits, cotton items import and export through Pangaon.



Thank you

